COSMOS Optical Demo

https://wiki.cosmos-lab.org/wiki/tutorials/optical-network-example

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Jne école de l'IM1





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COSMOS Network Infrastructure





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Optical Architecture

- Enables configurable optical network
 - C-RAN
 - Edge computing
 - AR and VR applications
- Components
 - 10G Tunable Transceiver
 - 25G Ethernet interfaces
 - 100G FPGA connection
 - 320x320 Space Switch
 - Optical ROADMs (Reconfigurable Optical Add-Drop Multiplexer)









Optical Architecture



Programmable Topologies







IBM

Programmable Topologies















PON





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Long Reach PON





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WDM PON





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MidHaul Network





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Converged mmWave/Fiber Transmission





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EM

mmWave Analog RoF



- Ultra-low latency, simple radio head
 - No digitization until data center
- COSMOS: Sub-6 GHz, plus select routes to 40 GHz
 - Can mix down from higher frequencies

(Figure courtesy of A. Kanno, NICT)









Optical Operation

- Remote experimentation
- User device insertion
- Today: configurable on request
- Future: user configurable
 - Basic topology controls
 - Advanced topology, power, components
 - Requires training to avoid damage to system
- Channels and links may be blocked for management purposes or due to other user reservations



Calient Space Switch



Home >> Summary

Alarms/Events Status Symbol Key REST API Change Password Logou admin [05-20-2019 09:41:8]

Cross Connections Summary - Nr

Group Filter: A												Exp	ort CSV
Count	Group	Connection Name	Connection ID	Dir	Band	Conn - Half	IN Power (dBm)	OUT Power (dBm)	Loss (dB)	Alarm	AS	OS	ос
1	SYSTEM	1.1.1-1.4.1	1.1.1-1.4.1	BI	CBAND	1.1.1>1.4.1 1.4.1>1.1.1	-5.60 -10.60	-7.09 -12.02	1.50 1.42		IS IS	IS IS	OK OK
2	SYSTEM	1.1.2-5.7.1	1.1.2-5.7.1	BI	CBAND	1.1.2>5.7.1 5.7.1>1.1.2	-90.00 -0.19	-90.00 -1.85	-90.00 1.66		UMA UMA	RDY RDY	FAIL
3	SYSTEM	1.4.8-5.8.1	1.4.8-5.8.1	BI	CBAND	1.4.8>5.8.1 5.8.1>1.4.8	1.82 -16.89	-0.04 -17.98	1.87 1.09	a ci	IS IS	IS IS	OK OK
4	SYSTEM	1.7.2-5.7.3	1.7.2-5.7.3	BI	CBAND	1.7.2>5.7.3 5.7.3>1.7.2	-8.61	-10.18	1.57	CL.	IS	IS IS	OK OK
5	SYSTEM	1.7.4-5.5.1	1.7.4-5.5.1	BI	CBAND	1.7.4>5.5.1 5.5.1>1.7.4	-15.84 -18.34	-18.18 -19.88	2.34	a a	IS IS	IS IS	OK OK
6	SYSTEM	2.2.8-1.1.8	2.2.8-1.1.8	BI	CBAND	2.2.8>1.1.8 1.1.8>2.2.8	-3.49	-5.05	1.55		15 15	15 15	OK OK
7	SYSTEM	5.7.4-2.2.2	5.7.4-2.2.2	BI	CBAND	5.7.4>2.2.2 2.2.2>5.7.4	-0.21 -6.10	-2.31 -7.76	2.10		IS IS	IS IS	OK OK
8	SYSTEM	5.7.5-2.2.4	5.7.5-2.2.4	BI	CBAND	5.7.5>2.2.4 2.2.4>5.7.5	0.18	-1.10 -13.44	1.28		IS IS	15 15	OK OK
9	SYSTEM	5.8.2-1.7.8	5.8.2-1.7.8	BI	CBAND	5.8.2>1.7.8 1.7.8>5.8.2	-17.20	-18.46	1.26	CL	IS	IS	OK



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Export CSV

ROADM

- 3 Basic Sections
 - 96 chn MUX/DEMUX (WSS)
 - Booster Amplifier
 - Pre-Amplifier
- Single degree, bi-dir. ROADMs
 - Combine to form multi-degree
- Python scripts
 - Booster/Preamp control
 - Booster/Preamp monitor
 - WSS connection Management
 - WSS connection monitor
- RYU SDN Controller





COSMOS Current State: Columbia Uni.









COSMOS Current State: 32 AoA







Fiber to 32 Ave of Americas facilitated by the city and ZenFi





Software Defined Optical Network

Optical Networks built in COSMOS could be SDN-controlled



Request types:

- 1. EDFA configuration
- 2. Ports configuration
- 3. Wavelength configuration

SDN functions:

- 1. RWA algorithm
- 2. NETCONF message
- 3. Resource allocation







Request Definition

1. EDFA configuration

traffic ID + message type + Node ID/IP + EDFA ID + configuration 1 EDFAconfig 10.104.1.1 1 or 2 gain/power values in-service/out-of-service

2. Ports configuration

traffic ID + message type + Node ID/IP + port ID + configuration 1 Portconfig 10.104.1.1 4101-4120 (4201) in-service/out-of-service 5101-5120 (5201)

3. Wavelength configuration

traffic ID + message type + Node ID/IP + Mux/Demux ID + configuration 1 Add/TearDown 10.104.1.1 1 or 2 in-service/out-of-service block/not block start freq/end freq input-port/output-port connection ID



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Optical SDN Control Flow











<sh>



Colocation Site and Data Center @32 AoA



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Set up TOR Switch

- Each compute node has 2 25-Gb Ethernet connections to the TOR switch
- Configure the Interfaces to be set as VLAN switch ports
- Assign TOR and transceivers interfaces to VLANS
- Assign a wavelength (e.g., 1553.3 nm/193 Thz) to each transceiver

•	Check VLANS	NUM	Status	Description	Q Ports		
		121	Active		U Te 1/32/1		
					U Tf 1/1/1		
		122	Active		U Te 1/29/1		
					U Tf 1/1/2		
		123	Active		U Te 1/31/1		
		1.1			U Tf 1/1/3		

Configure VM interfaces and IP addresses





- Preliminary Steps
 - Connect line ports of ROADM4 and ROADM1 using the Calient Switch
 - Connect line Ports of ROADM2 and ROADM3 using the Calient Switch
- Steps
 - Add MUX/DEMUX connection from ROADM4 to TOR1
 - Add MUX/DEMUX connection from ROADM1 to TOR2
- Example code
 - python add_connection.py 10.104.1.4 1 10 in-service
 false 4102 4201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-FromTor1
 - python add_connection.py 10.104.1.4 2 10 in-service
 false 5101 5202 192950 193050 0 Exp1-TorwardTor1
 - python add_connection.py 10.104.1.1 1 10 in-service false 4102 4201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-FromTor2
 - python add_connection.py 10.104.1.1 2 10 in-service false 5101 5202 192950 193050 0 Exp1-TorwardTor2



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python add_connection.py 10.104.1.4 1 10 in-service false 4102 4201192950 193050 0 Exp1-FromTor1



python add_connection.py 10.104.1.4 2 10 in-service false 5101 5202 192950 193050 0 Exp1-TowardTor1



native@srv2-lg1:~\$ ping 192.168.1.1

PING 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.131 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.104 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.105 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.102 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.106 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.104 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.104 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.106 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.106 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.105 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.105 ms

--- 192.168.1.1 ping statistics ---

10 packets transmitted, 10 received, 0% packet loss, time 9222ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.102/0.107/0.131/0.010 ms







- Steps
 - Add MUX/DEMUX connection from ROADM4 to TOR1
 - Add MUX/DEMUX connection from ROADM1 to ROADM2
 - Add MUX/DEMUX connection from ROADM2 to ROADM1
 - Add MUX/DEMUX connection from ROADM3 to TOR3



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• Example code

- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.4 1 10 in-service false 4102 4201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-FromTor1
- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.4 2 10 in-service false 5101 5202 192950 193050 0 Exp1-TorwardTor1
- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.1 1 10 in-service false 4101 4201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-ROADM2
- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.1 2 10 in-service false 5101 5201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-ROADM2
- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.2 1 10 in-service false 4101 4201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-ROADM1
- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.2 2 10 in-service false 5101 5201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-ROADM1
- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.3 1 10 in-service false 4102 4201 192950 193050 0 Exp1-FromTor3
- python add_connection.py 10.104.1.3 2 10 in-service false 5101 5202 192950 193050 0 Exp1-TorwardTor3



native@srv3-lg1:~\$ ping 192.168.1.1

PING 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.449 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.432 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.434 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.433 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.425 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.435 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.434 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.425 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.425 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.425 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.426 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.426 ms

--- 192.168.1.1 ping statistics ---

10 packets transmitted, 10 received, 0% packet loss, time 9221ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.425/0.432/0.449/0.025 ms





